Protecting Access to Wheelchairs Act – Support HR 2293
Protecting Beneficiary Access to Complex Rehab Technology Act – Support S. 1223

BACKGROUND
Complex rehab technology (CRT) both power and manual wheelchairs along with related accessories (critical components) are used by a small population of people with significant disabilities such as ALS, cerebral palsy, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, spinal cord injury, and traumatic brain injury. Within the Medicare program these individuals represent less than 15% of all Medicare beneficiaries who use wheelchairs.

Since 2015 national consumer, patient, medical professional, and industry advocacy organizations have been working with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and Congress to stop CMS from inappropriately using Medicare Competitive Bid Program (CBP) pricing to cut payment amounts for accessories used with Complex Rehab wheelchairs. This violates Congress’ intent embedded in legislation passed in 2008, the Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act (MIPPA).

- Complex rehab wheelchair components need additional adjustment and fitting and ongoing repair and maintenance and rely on higher-credentialed technicians for those services.
- The negative consequences will spread to include other people with disabilities who are covered by Medicaid and private health insurance plans since most insurance payers follow Medicare policy.
- The specialized equipment is provided through a clinical team model and requires evaluation, configuration, fitting, adjustment, programming, and ongoing repair and maintenance.
- The small population of people who require Complex Rehab wheelchairs have the highest level of disabilities and require these individually configured wheelchairs and critical related accessories to meet their medical needs, reduce their health care costs, and maximize their function and independence.
- What Medicare calls “accessories” are critical components such as seat/back pressure relieving cushions, positioning devices, recline/tilt systems, and specialty controls.
- CMS groups standard and complex rehab products under the same coding. Complex rehab products are different technological and customized products and designed to meet a unique clinical need. CMS is applying competitive bid pricing on standard products to complex rehab components that were not part of the CBP.

CMS partially solved the problem on June 23, 2017 by publishing a policy clarification stating it would not use CBP pricing for accessories used with Complex Rehab “power” wheelchair. This resolved the issue for a category of Complex Rehab power wheelchairs known as Group 3, but did not extend relief to accessories used with Complex Rehab “manual” wheelchairs. Consequently, CBP pricing continues to be inappropriately applied to accessories used with complex rehab manual wheelchairs. This creates a major disparity for people with disabilities who use complex rehab manual wheelchairs who now have less access to needed accessories than those using complex rehab power wheelchairs. There should be equal access.

REQUEST TO POLICYMAKERS
Congressional action is needed to ensure equal access for Medicare beneficiaries and others with significant disabilities who rely on individually configured complex rehab manual wheelchairs and accessories. Support HR 2293, introduced by Representatives John Larson (D-CT-01) and Lee Zeldin (R-NY-01) along with 21 original cosponsors. Support S. 1223, introduced by Senator Robert Casey (D-PA) and Senator Robert Portman (R-OH).